

Ecology

1. Conservation Ecology

- 1.1. Concepts of conservation ecology and major ecosystems
- 1.2. Relationship among plants, animals and the environments
- 1.3. Ecological hazards and their causes, consequences and management techniques
- 1.4. Types and status of natural resources: nature and status,
- 1.5. Causes of natural resource depletion and consequences, and
- 1.6. Efforts and approaches to conserve the natural resources
- 1.7. Management of ecosystems, species and genetic diversity
- 1.8. Recent trends in conservation education.
- 1.9. Different organizations involved in conservation education and research in Nepal
- 1.10. Analysis of achievements and gaps in conservation education and research

2. Microbial Ecology

- 2.1. Biology and ecology of microbes
- 2.2. Interrelationship of microbes with humans, plants, animals and the environment
- 2.3. Recent trends in microbial ecology education and research
- 2.4. Application of microbial ecology in environmental conservation
- 2.5. Role of microbes in the management of environmental problems
- 2.6. Impact of pesticides and environmental pollutants on useful microorganisms
- 2.7. Research methods of microbiology
- 2.8. Lab techniques to study microbes
- 2.9. Isolation and enumeration techniques of algae, fungi and bacteria

3. Ecological Agriculture

- 3.1. Nature, functions and ecological processes in ecological agriculture
- 3.2. Conservation strategies of agricultural ecosystems of Nepal and world
- 3.3. Nature, physical and social structure and exchange of mass and energy in agricultural ecosystems
- 3.4. Ecological concepts and principles of sustainability in ecological agriculture
- 3.5. Different types of ecological agriculture followed in the world
- 3.6. LISA, LEISA, Organic agriculture, Permaculture, Nature and Natural farming
- 3.7. Application of ecological approaches in different farming systems
- 3.8. Status of education and research in ecological agriculture in Nepalese context

4. Applied Ethnobotany

- 4.1. Concepts, Scope and prospects of ethnobotany
- 4.2. Methodologies and approaches in ethnobotany research
- 4.3. Ecological ethnobotany
- 4.4. Cognitive ethnobotany
- 4.5. Traditional botanical knowledge, skill and techniques in plant resources
- 4.6. Application of ethnobotany for sustainable management and conservation of plant resources
- 4.7. Conservation of food plants, medicines and other non-timber forest products
- 4.8. Ethics and laws related to physical and intellectual property rights

5. Natural Resource Management

- 5.1. Concepts and role of natural resources
- 5.2. Management of demand and supply
- 5.3. Market equilibrium and pricing systems
- 5.4. Production and consumption equilibrium of natural resources management
- 5.5. Tools and techniques for input-output analysis
- 5.6. Valuation techniques of non-marketed goods and services
- 5.7. Basis of economic policy related to natural resources management
- 5.8. Community participation in natural resource management
- 5.9. Sustainable development
- 5.10. National legislations in protecting natural resources.

6. Wetland Ecology

- 6.1. Concepts, scope and types of wetlands.
- 6.2. Origin, feature, biology, geochemistry, physics, values, functions and productivity of wetlands.
- 6.3. Limnology
- 6.4. Wetland flora, fauna, and agriculture in Nepal and south Asia
- 6.5. Conservation and management of wetlands
- 6.6. World conventions on wetlands, legal aspects of wetland conservation
- 6.7. Institutional capability in wetland management
- 6.8. Awareness and community involvement in wetland management

7. Biodiversity Management

- 7.1. Concepts and organization level of biodiversity
- 7.2. Dynamics of population and communities
- 7.3. Ecosystem and Species conservation
- 7.4. Ecosystem functions and biodiversity
- 7.5. Plant-animal interactions and keystone species.
- 7.6. Ecosystem management approaches
- 7.7. Types and management of conflict
- 7.8. Laws and conventions related to biodiversity management and conservation
- 7.9. Methods of wildlife conservation and management
- 7.10. Study methods of ecosystems, communities and populations of plants and animals

8. Agro ecotourism

- 8.1. Concepts, principles, types and status of agro ecotourism
- 8.2. Trends in ecotourism and agro ecotourism in protected areas and farming systems
- 8.3. Research methods in tourism
- 8.4. Components of agro ecotourism
- 8.5. Tourism planning and management
- 8.6. Tourism products development using participatory approaches
- 8.7. Designing infrastructure, recreational, and interpretational facilities and code-of-conducts
- 8.8. Process of tourism development in community
- 8.9. Managing tourism impacts in community

9. Environmental Impact Assessment

- 9.1. Concepts, importance and scope of EIA
- 9.2. Stages of EIA project cycle;
- 9.3. EIA methodology
- 9.4. Impact prediction, evaluation and comparisons of alternatives
- 9.5. Mitigation measures; compliance and enforcement; role of civil society
- 9.6. Integrative Impact Assessment
- 9.7. Legal measures
- 9.8. EIA education in Nepal

10. Agricultural Biodiversity and Climate Change

- 10.1. Concepts and components of agricultural biodiversity
- 10.2. Centers of origins of crops and animal diversity
- 10.3. Status of education and research of agricultural biodiversity
- 10.4. Social and economic value of agricultural biodiversity
- 10.5. Threats and conservation approaches to agrobiodiversity
- 10.6. Policies and Laws related to agrobiodiversity conservation and management
- 10.7. Concept and overview of climate change
- 10.8. Local innovation and practices in agrobiodiversity conservation
- 10.9. Local innovation and practices in climate change
- 10.10. Impact of climate change in agrobiodiversity and food security

11. Environmental Science and Ecology

- 11.1. Concept, branches and Scope of Environmental Science
- 11.2. Environmental issues
- 11.3. Environmental impacts
- 11.4. Environmental management strategies
- 11.5. Effect of global warming in agriculture
- 11.6. Ecology in relation to agriculture (farmhouse ecology, population ecology)
- 11.7. Ecological principles
- 11.8. Agricultural ecosystem dynamics
- 11.9. Production and sustainability of agro ecosystems
- 11.10. Analysis of sustainable agro ecosystems

12. Medicinal and Aromatic Plants (MAPs)

- 12.1. History, importance, prospects and constraints of medicinal and aromatic plants
- 12.2. Classification of medicinal and aromatic plants
- 12.3. Economics of medicinal and aromatic plants
- 12.4. Trade of medicinal and aromatic plants
- 12.5. Research status of MAPs in Nepal
- 12.6. Extraction methods for MAPs
- 12.7. Storage methods for MAPs
- 12.8. Extension of MAPs in Nepal
- 12.9. Institutions working in MAPs in Nepal